

# Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Issue date: 17 June 2021 Revision date: 2 October 2024 Supersedes: 17 June 2021 Version: 2.0

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. GHS Product identifier

Product form : Substance Substance type : UVCB

Trade name : Braskem Ezolem™ 7-9

Chemical name : Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light; Low boiling point modified naphtha

CAS-No. : 64741-84-0 Product code : P801, P801E

#### 1.2. Other means of identification

Synonyms : Textile spirits/Naphtha, solvent-refined light (petroleum)/Ligroine (petroleum), solvent-

refined light/Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light/Naphtha, petroleum, solvent-refined light/Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light - low boiling point modified naphtha/Naphtha (petroleum) solvent-refined light/Naphtha, (petroleum), solvent-refined light/Naphtha,

petroleum, solvent refined light/Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light

EC Index-No. : 649-278-00-0 EC-No. : 265-086-6

#### 1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Industrial, Professional use, Adhesives, Paints

Restrictions on use : No additional information available

#### 1.4. Supplier's details

Braskem S.A.

Rua Eteno, 1561, Polo Petroquímico de Camaçari

Camaçari, BA, CEP: 42810-000, Brasil

Tel: +55 (71) 3413-3600 productsafety@braskem.com

#### 1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC Brazil (Rio De Janeiro): +(55)-2139581449 Portuguese

CHEMTREC Brazil (São Paulo): +(55)-1143491359 Portuguese

CHEMTREC Brazil: 0800 892 0479 Portuguese CHEMTREC+1 703-741-5970 (International – 24h)

#### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification according to GHS BR (ABNT NBR 14725: 2023)

Flammable liquids, Category 2

Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 5

Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B

Carcinogenicity, Category 1A

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis

Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2

Aspiration hazard, Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard, Category 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard, Category 2

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

# **GHS BR labelling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS BR)











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Precautionary statements (GHS BR)

Signal word (GHS BR) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS BR) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H340 - May cause genetic defects.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 - May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 - Do not breathe vapours, spray, mist.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor.

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

 ${\tt P305+P351+P338-IF\ IN\ EYES: Rinse\ cautiously\ with\ water\ for\ several\ minutes.\ Remove}$ 

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor.

P314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use foam, extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide (CO2), Water spray to extinguish.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents and/or container to hazardous or special waste collection point,

in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.

# 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Handling this product may result in electrostatic accumulation. Use proper grounding procedures

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# 3.1. Substances

Substance type : UVCB

Name : Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light; Low boiling point modified naphtha

CAS-No. : 64741-84-0 EC-No. : 265-086-6 EC Index-No. : 649-278-00-0

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Synonyms

: Textile spirits/Naphtha, solvent-refined light (petroleum)/Ligroine (petroleum), solvent-refined light/Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light/Naphtha, petroleum, solvent-refined light/Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light - low boiling point modified naphtha/Naphtha (petroleum) solvent-refined light/Naphtha, (petroleum), solvent-refined light/Naphtha, petroleum, solvent refined light/Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light

Name	GHS Product identifier	%
Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light; Low boiling point modified naphtha	CAS-No.: 64741-84-0	100
Methylcyclopentane	CAS-No.: 96-37-7	40 – 50
n-hexane	CAS-No.: 110-54-3	10 – 20
cyclohexane	CAS-No.: 110-82-7	5 – 15
Hexane, isomers (Isomer mixture)	CAS-No.: Not assigned	5 - 15
Heptane, isomers (Isomer mixture)	CAS-No.: Not assigned	0 - 13
Cyclopentane	CAS-No.: 287-92-3	0 – 5
trans-1,2-Dimethylcyclopentane	CAS-No.: 822-50-4	0 – 5
cis-1,2-Dimethylcyclopentane	CAS-No.: 1192-18-3	0 – 4
Cyclopentane, 1,3-dimethyl-, cis-	CAS-No.: 2532-58-3	0 – 4
trans-1,3-Dimethylcyclopentane	CAS-No.: 1759-58-6	0 – 3
Methylcyclohexane	CAS-No.: 108-87-2	0 – 3
1,1-Dimethylcyclopentane	CAS-No.: 1638-26-2	0 – 3
Benzene	CAS-No.: 71-43-2	≤ 0.1

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

First-aid measures after inhalation

First-aid measures after ingestion

#### 4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical

: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give

artificial respiration. Do not apply mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical

advice/attention if you feel unwell.

advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after skin contact : After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash

immediately with plenty of water and soap. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical advice if skin irritation persists.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Continue to rinse eye with clean water for 20-30 minutes, retracting

continue rinsing. Continue to rinse eye with clean water for 20-30 minutes, reti eyelids often. Seek medical attention immediately.

: Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated

exposure. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer.

: Causes skin irritation. May be harmful in contact with skin.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May be harmful in contact with sk

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

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Symptoms/effects after ingestion

: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Note to physician: : Treat symptomatically.

#### SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical powder, foam. Water fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

#### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Incomplete combustion releases dangerous carbon

monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic gases.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable vapour-air mixture. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel

considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapours. Prolonged

exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Thermal decomposition can lead to the release of irritating gases and vapours.

#### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment.

Protective equipment for firefighters : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1$ 

breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Handling this product may result in electrostatic accumulation. Use proper grounding

procedures. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid contact with

spilled material. Spilled material may present a slipping hazard.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear recommended personal protective equipment. For further information refer to section

8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. No open flames, no sparks, and

no smoking. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe mist, spray,

vapours.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information

refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area. Approach from upwind. Stop leak if safe to do so. No open flames, no

sparks, and no smoking.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or

streams. Stop leaks if it can be done without personal risk. Control the vapours with a fine

water spray. Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Handling this product may result in electrostatic accumulation. Use proper grounding

procedures. Use only non-sparking tools. Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or

public waters.

Other information : Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

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#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Handling this product may result in electrostatic accumulation. Use proper grounding

procedures. Container remains hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all

precautions.

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not

handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid ignition sources. Product can accumulate electrostatic charges that may cause fire by electrical discharges. Use only non-sparking tools. Use grounded electrical/mechanical equipment. Spilled product must never be returned to the original container for recycling. No open flames. No smoking. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and

clothing. Do not breathe mist, spray, vapours.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and

other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Do not eat,

drink or smoke when using this product.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Keep away from sources of ignition. Use only in well ventilated areas. Proper grounding

procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Prevent the build-up of electrostatic charge.

Storage conditions : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store

locked up.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizing agents.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
Brazil - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Ciclohexano	
OEL TWA	820 mg/m³	
OEL TWA	235 ppm	
Regulatory reference	Norma Regulamentadora Nº 15 - Atividades e Operações Insalubres	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Cyclohexane	
ACGIH OEL TWA	100 ppm	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: CNS impair	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024	
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	Cyclohexane	
BEI	50 mg/g creatinine Parameter: 1,2-Cyclohexanediol - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift, end of workweek - Notations: Ns	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024	
Benzene (71-43-2)		
Brazil - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Benzeno	

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Benzene (71-43-2)	
1 ppm 2.5 ppm	
Os valores estabelecidos para os VRT-MPT são: a) 1,0 (um) ppm para as empresas que transportam, armazenam, utilizam ou manipulam benzeno e suas misturas líquidas contendo 1% (um por cento) ou mais de volume e aquelas por elas contratadas, no que couber (com exceção das empresas siderúrgicas, as produtoras de álcool anidro e aquelas que deverão substituir o benzeno a partir de 1º.01.97). b) 2,5 (dois e meio) ppm para as empresas siderúrgicas. Fator de Conversão da concentração de benzeno de ppm para mg/m3 é: 1ppm = 3,19 mg/m³ nas condições de 25° C, 101 kPa ou 1 atm.	
Norma Regulamentadora Nº 15 - Atividades e Operações Insalubres	
Benzeno	
750 μg/g creatinine Parâmetro: Ácido trans-transmucônico (TTMA) - Meio: Urina - Momento de amostragem: Final de jornada de trabalho - Observações: Encontrado em populações não expostas ocupacionalmente. Não específico (pode ser encontrado por exposições a outras substâncias). Para a siderurgia será mantida a regra atualmente vigente. 45 μg/g creatinine Parâmetro: Ácido s-fenilmercaptúrico (S-PMA) - Meio: Urina - Momento de amostragem: Final de jornada de trabalho - Observações: Encontrado em populações não expostas ocupacionalmente. Valores para não fumantes.	
Interpretação: IBE/EE - Indicadores Biológicos de Exposição Excessiva.	
NR 7 - PCMSO	
Benzene	
0.02 ppm	
TLV® Basis: Myelodysplastic syndrome; acute myeloid leukemia; leukemia; hematologic eff; chromosomal dam. Notations: Skin; A1 (Confirmed Human Carcinogen); BEI	
Confirmed Human Carcinogen, Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route	
ACGIH 2024	
Benzene	
25 μg/g creatinine Parameter: S-Phenylmercapturic acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (background) 500 μg/g creatinine Parameter: t,t-Muconic acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (background)	
ACGIH 2024	
200 ppm	
200 ppm	
TLV® Basis: URT irr; lung dam. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)	
Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans	
ACGIH 2024	

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Cyclopentane (287-92-3)		
Brazil - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	1000 ppm	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Cyclopentane	
ACGIH OEL TWA	1000 ppm (EX - Explosion hazard)	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: CNS impair	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024	
Heptane, isomers		
Brazil - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	400 ppm	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	400 ppm	
ACGIH OEL STEL	500 ppm (Heptane, all isomers)	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: CNS impair; URT irr	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024	
n-hexane (110-54-3)		
Brazil - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	50 ppm	
Brazil - Biological limit values		
Local name	n-hexano	
BEI	0.5 mg/l Parâmetro: 2,5 hexanodiona (2,5HD) - Meio: Urina - Momento de amostragem: Final de jornada de trabalho - Observações: O método analítico deve ser realizado sem hidrólise para este IBE/EE.	
Remark	Interpretação: IBE/EE - Indicadores Biológicos de Exposição Excessiva.	
Regulatory reference	NR 7 - PCMSO	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	n-Hexane	
ACGIH OEL TWA	50 ppm	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: CNS impair; peripheral neuropathy; eye irr. Notations: Skin; BEI	
ACGIH chemical category	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024	
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	n-Hexane	
BEI	0.5 mg/l Parameter: 2,5-Hexanedione (without hydrolysis) - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024	
Methylcyclohexane (108-87-2)		
Brazil - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	100 ppm	

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Methylcyclohexane (108-87-2)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Methylcyclohexane
ACGIH OEL TWA	100 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Kidney dam
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024

#### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Emergency safety showers should be available

in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Handling this product may result in electrostatic accumulation. Use proper grounding procedures. Use spark-/explosionproof

appliances and lighting system.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

#### 8.3. Individual protection measures

#### Personal protective equipment:

Antistatic clothing including shoes are recommended. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

#### Materials for protective clothing:

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing

#### Hand protection:

Protective gloves made of PVC. ISO 374-1. Please follow the instructions related to the permeability and the penetration time provided by the manufacturer

#### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. ISO 16321-1

#### Skin and body protection:

Long sleeved protective clothing. Antistatic clothing

#### Respiratory protection:

Wear suitable respiratory equipment in case of insufficient ventilation. An approved organic vapour respirator/supplied air or self-contained breathing apparatus must be used when vapour concentration exceeds applicable exposure limits

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid Appearance : Clear. Colour : Colourless Odour : Characteristic Odour threshold : Not available рΗ : Not applicable : Not available Melting point Freezing point : Not available : 68 - 95 °C Boiling point Flash point : < 10 °C Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : 6.55 Flammability : Not available Explosive limits : Not available

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: 33.3 kPa Vapour pressure Relative vapour density at 20°C : Not available Relative density Not available  $0.72 - 0.74 \text{ g/cm}^3$ Density Solubility Water: Insoluble Organic solvent:Soluble

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) 3.90 - Hexane

3.44 - Cyclohexane : Not available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) 280 - 465 °C Auto-ignition temperature Not available Decomposition temperature 0.456 - 0.656 mm<sup>2</sup>/s Viscosity, kinematic : 0.3 - 0.5 mPa·s Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable Particle size Particle size distribution : Not applicable Particle shape Not applicable Not applicable

#### 9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes

No additional information available

Particle specific surface area

Particle aspect ratio

#### 9.3. Further safety characteristics

No additional information available

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity** 

Chemical stability Static-accumulating.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid contact with hot

surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

Hazardous decomposition products Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not

be produced. Thermal decomposition can lead to the release of irritating gases and

vapours.

: Not applicable

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizing agents.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Flammable or explosive vapour/air mixtures may be formed.

Reactivity Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Handling temperature No additional information available

#### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

Acute toxicity (dermal) : May be harmful in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light; Low boiling point modified naphtha (64741-84-0)		
LD50 oral rat	> 7000 mg/kg (Source: IUCLID)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Source: ECHA_API)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	43767 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h Source: ECHA_API)	
cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
LD50 oral rat	12705 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)	
LD50 oral	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Source: EU_RAR)	
LD50 dermal	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 32.88 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	> 5540 ppm Source: ECHA	
ATE BR (oral)	12705 mg/kg bodyweight	

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Benzene (71-43-2)			
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)		
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 8200 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)		
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	43.767 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 41690 - 45939		
Hexane, isomers			
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	> 20 mg/l		
Cyclopentane (287-92-3)			
LD50 oral rat	11400 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)		
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 25.3 mg/l/4h		
ATE BR (oral)	11400 mg/kg bodyweight		
n-hexane (110-54-3)			
LD50 oral rat	25 g/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)		
LD50 dermal rabbit	3000 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)		
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	48000 ppm/4h		
ATE BR (oral)	25000 mg/kg bodyweight		
ATE BR (dermal)	3000 mg/kg bodyweight		
ATE BR (gases)	48000 ppmv/4h		
trans-1,2-Dimethylcyclopentane (822-50-4)			
ATE BR (oral)	500 mg/kg bodyweight		
cis-1,2-Dimethylcyclopentane (1192-18-3)			
ATE BR (oral)	500 mg/kg bodyweight		
Cyclopentane, 1,3-dimethyl-, cis- (2532-58-3)			
ATE BR (oral)	500 mg/kg bodyweight		
trans-1,3-Dimethylcyclopentane (1759-58-6)			
ATE BR (oral)	500 mg/kg bodyweight		
Methylcyclohexane (108-87-2)			
LD50 oral rat	> 3200 mg/kg		
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 86700 mg/kg		
1,1-Dimethylcyclopentane (1638-26-2)	1,1-Dimethylcyclopentane (1638-26-2)		
ATE BR (oral)	500 mg/kg bodyweight		
Skin corrosion/irritation :	Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/irritation :	pH: Not applicable Causes serious eye damage. pH: Not applicable		
Respiratory or skin sensitisation :	Not available		
Germ cell mutagenicity : Carcinogenicity :	May cause genetic defects.  May cause cancer.		
Benzene (71-43-2)	may sauce surror.		
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans		
J - 1	197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197		

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Benzene (71-43-2)	
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens, Evidence of Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity STOT-single exposure	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.     May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Methylcyclopentane (96-37-7)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
cyclohexane (110-82-7)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Hexane, isomers	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Heptane, isomers	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
n-hexane (110-54-3)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
trans-1,3-Dimethylcyclopentane (1759-5	8-6)
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Methylcyclohexane (108-87-2)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Benzene (71-43-2)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	0.096 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study), Guideline: OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study)
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs (haematopoietic system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
n-hexane (110-54-3)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled).
Aspiration hazard Other information	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.     Likely routes of exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye.
Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined lig	ht; Low boiling point modified naphtha (64741-84-0)
Hydrocarbon	Yes
Viscosity, kinematic	0.456 - 0.656 mm²/s

# 11.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated

exposure. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May be harmful in contact with skin.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration

into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis.

# Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

# **SECTION 12:** Ecological information

# 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term

acute

: Toxic to aquatic life.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term

(chronic)

: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light; Low boiling point modified naphtha (64741-84-0)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	4.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [semi-static] Source: ECHA)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	9.74 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 - Fish [2]	8.41 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [semi-static, closed] Source: ECHA)
cyclohexane (110-82-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	3.96 – 5.18 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through] Source: EPA)
LC50 - Fish [2]	23.03 – 42.07 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static] Source: EPA)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 500 mg/l (Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	9.317 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
Benzene (71-43-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	10.7 – 14.7 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through] Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	8.76 – 15.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
LC50 - Fish [2]	5.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through] Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	10 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
Cyclopentane (287-92-3)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	10.5 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
n-hexane (110-54-3)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.5 mg/l
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	50 mg/l waterflea
Methylcyclohexane (108-87-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.07 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oryzias latipes [semi-static] Source: ECHA)

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light; Low boiling point modified naphtha (64741-84-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

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### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light; Low boiling point modified naphtha (64741-84-0)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.90 - Hexane 3.44 - Cyclohexane	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.44 (at 25 °C (at pH 7)	
Benzene (71-43-2)		
BCF - Fish [1]	3.5 – 4.4	
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH)	> 2000	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.83	
Bioaccumulative potential	not bioaccumulable.	
Cyclopentane (287-92-3)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3 (at 25 °C (at pH 7)	
n-hexane (110-54-3)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.9	

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

n-hexane (110-54-3)	
Mobility in soil	2187.76 Source: ECHA

# 12.5. Other adverse effects

Hazardous to the ozone layer : Not available

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

 $: \ \, \text{Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions}.$ 

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable. Dispose of in a safe manner in

accordance with local/national regulations.

Additional information : Do not re-use empty containers. Container remains hazardous when empty. Continue to

observe all precautions.

Ecological waste information : Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# 14.1 National and international Regulations

In accordance with IMDG / IATA / ANTT

ANTT	IMDG	IATA
UN number		
1268	1268	1268
UN Proper Shipping Name		
PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light; Low boiling point modified naphtha)	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light; Low boiling point modified naphtha)	Petroleum distillates, n.o.s. (Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light; Low boiling point modified naphtha)

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Primary Risk class/subclass		
3	3	3
Subsidiary Risk class/subclass		
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Hazard labels		
3	3	3
3		
Risk Identification Number		
33	Not applicable	Not applicable
Packing group		
II	II	II
Environmental hazards		
Yes	Yes Marine pollutant: Yes	Yes
Maritime transport in bulk accordi	ng to MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code	
Not applicable	Product name: Not available Consult IMO instructions prior to transport	Not applicable

### 14.2 Other informations

This information does not intend to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information with regards to the product, therefore it cannot be considered exhaustive. Consult ANTT, IMO and ICAO instructions before transporting the product. The carrier is responsible for following all applicable laws, regulations and rules related to the product transportation.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. National regulations

Regulatory reference

: Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)
Listed on the NCI (Vietnam - National Chemical Inventory)
Listed on Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory (DIW)

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information : None.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), Brazil - Braskem

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product. It warns that the handling of any chemical substance requires the previous knowledge of its hazards for the user. It is up to the user of the product company providing this SDS to and promote the training of its employees about possible risks come upon of the product. The information contained herein is not absolute, but only general information on the use of the chemical and indication of safety and security measures.