



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Nutrition & Biosciences USA 2, LLC

**Product name:** ROCIMA™ 63 Industrial Microbicide

**Issue Date:** 10/16/2018

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Nutrition & Biosciences USA 2, LLC encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

## 1. IDENTIFICATION

**Product name:** ROCIMA™ 63 Industrial Microbicide

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

**Identified uses:** Biocidal product

### COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Nutrition & Biosciences USA 2, LLC  
1209 Orange Street  
Wilmington DE 19801  
UNITED STATES

**Customer Information Number:**

1-800-526-3649

SDS.ENABLERS@iff.com

### EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 1-800-424-9300

**Local Emergency Contact:** 800-424-9300

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### Hazard classification

This material is hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.

Acute toxicity - Category 4 - Inhalation

Skin irritation - Category 2

Serious eye damage - Category 1

Skin sensitisation - Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 1B

Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Reproductive toxicity - Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 2 - Oral

### Label elements

**Hazard pictograms**



Signal word: **DANGER!**

#### **Hazards**

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye damage.

Toxic if inhaled.

May cause genetic defects.

Suspected of causing cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs (Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

#### **Precautionary statements**

##### **Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear eye protection/ face protection.

Wear protective gloves.

Use personal protective equipment as required.

##### **Response**

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

##### **Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

##### **Disposal**

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Signal word: **DANGER!**

#### **Hazards**

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye damage.  
Harmful if inhaled.  
May cause genetic defects.  
Suspected of causing cancer.  
May damage fertility or the unborn child.  
May cause damage to organs (Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

**Precautionary statements****Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use.  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.  
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response**

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

**Storage**

Store locked up.

**Disposal**

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**

No data available

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**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

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**Chemical nature:** Aqueous solution of organic compounds

This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration
2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	26530-20-1	>= 2.0 - <= 3.0 %
Carbendazim	10605-21-7	7.0 - 9.0 %
Diuron	330-54-1	>= 16.0 - <= 19.0 %
Dipropylene glycol	110-98-5	4.0 - 6.0 %

Propanediol	57-55-6	>= 3.0 - <= 4.0 %
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	>= 1.0 - <= 2.0 %
Water	7732-18-5	57.0 - 59.0 %

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## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

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### Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:** Move to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Skin contact:** IMMEDIATELY get under a safety shower. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash off with soap and water. Immediate medical attention is required. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Do not take clothing home to be laundered. Discard contaminated shoes, belts, and other articles made of leather.

**Eye contact:** Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

**Ingestion:** Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. IMMEDIATELY see a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:** Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** MATERIAL IS CORROSIVE. It may not be advisable to induce vomiting. Possible mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Measures against circulatory shock and convulsions maybe necessary.

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## 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

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**Suitable extinguishing media:** Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** No data available

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** No data available

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Combustion generates toxic fumes of the following: Nitrogen oxides (NOx) sulfur oxides

### Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Minimize exposure. Do not breathe fumes. Contain run-off.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** This material is a potential sensitizer. This material is corrosive. See SECTION 8, Exposure Controls/Personal Protection, prior to handling. If exposed to material during clean-up operations, IMMEDIATELY remove all contaminated clothing and wash exposed skin areas with soap and water. See SECTION 4, First Aid Measures, for further information.

**Environmental precautions:** WARNING: KEEP SPILLS AND CLEANING RUNOFFS OUT OF MUNICIPAL SEWERS AND OPEN BODIES OF WATER.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spills immediately with inert materials (e.g., sand, earth). Transfer liquids and solid diking material to separate suitable containers for recovery or disposal.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** This material is corrosive. For personal protection see section 8. Do not handle material near food, feed or drinking water.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep in a well-ventilated place. Store in a cool and shaded area. Do not store this material in containers made of the following: steel Do not store this material near food, feed or drinking water. Keep container tightly closed.

CONTAINERS MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTY. Since emptied containers retain product residue follow all (M)SDS and label warnings even after container is emptied. Expiration date based only on retention of >95% actives during storage at 20°C-25°C (68°F-77°F).

### Storage stability

**Storage temperature:** 1 - 37 °C (34 - 99 °F)

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	Dow IHG	TWA	0.2 mg/m3
	Dow IHG	STEL	0.6 mg/m3
Carbendazim	Dow IHG	TWA	0.7 mg/m3
Diuron	ACGIH	TWA	10 mg/m3
Propanediol	US WEEL	TWA	10 mg/m3
Titanium dioxide	Dow IHG	TWA	2.4 mg/m3
	OSHA Z-1	TWA total dust	15 mg/m3
	ACGIH	TWA	10 mg/m3 , Titanium dioxide

### Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use local exhaust ventilation with a minimum capture velocity of 150 ft/min. (0.75 m/sec.) at the point of dust or mist evolution. Refer to the current edition of "Industrial Ventilation: A Manual of Recommended Practice" published by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists for information on the design, installation, use, and maintenance of exhaust systems.

**Protective measures:** Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.

#### Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use chemical splash goggles and face shield (ANSI Z87.1 or approved equivalent). Eye protection worn must be compatible with respiratory protection system employed.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection:** Chemical-resistant gloves should be worn whenever this material is handled. The glove(s) listed below may provide protection against permeation. (Gloves of other chemically resistant materials may not provide adequate protection): butyl-rubber Nitrile rubber Gloves should be removed and replaced immediately if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. Rinse and remove gloves immediately after use. Wash hands with soap and water. NOTE: Material is a possible skin sensitizer.

**Other protection:** Wear as appropriate: Chemical resistant apron complete suit protecting against chemicals

**Respiratory protection:** Typical use of this material does not result in workplace exposures that exceed the exposure limits listed in the Exposure Limit Information Section. For those special workplace conditions where the listed exposure limits are exceeded, a respiratory protection program meeting OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed. For concentrations up to 10 times the exposure limit, wear a properly fitted NIOSH approved (or equivalent) half-mask or full facepiece air purifying respirator equipped with organic vapor cartridges and N95 filters. If oil mist is present, use R95 or P95 filters. For those unlikely situations where exposure may greatly exceed the listed exposure limits (i.e. greater than 10-fold), or in any emergency situation, wear a properly fitted NIOSH approved (or equivalent) self-contained breathing apparatus in the pressure demand mode or a full facepiece airline respirator in the pressure demand mode with emergency escape provision. See SECTION 6, Accidental Release Measures, for respirator and protective clothing requirements for spill clean-up and decontamination of this material.

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## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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### Appearance

Physical state	paste
Color	White to gray
Odor	Mild odor
Odor Threshold	No data available
pH	8.1 50% Solution
Melting point/range	No data available
Freezing point	No data available
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	No data available
Flash point	open cup >100.00 °C ( 212.00 °F)

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Lower explosion limit	Not applicable
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	17.5000000 mmHg at 20.00 °C (68.00 °F) Water
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	No data available
Relative Density (water = 1)	1.1
Water solubility	Dilutable
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	>200 °C (392 °F)
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Kinematic Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Molecular weight	No data available
Percent volatility	57 - 59 % Water

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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**Reactivity:** No data available

**Chemical stability:** No data available

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Stable under recommended storage conditions.  
Product will not undergo polymerization.

**Conditions to avoid:** No data available

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with the following: Oxidizing agents Amines Reducing agents Mercaptans.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Sulphur oxides hydrogen chloride

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

### Acute toxicity

#### Acute oral toxicity

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

**Acute dermal toxicity**

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 4.12 mg/l

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Severe skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Corrosive

**Sensitization**

May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**Carcinogenicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**Teratogenicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**Mutagenicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:**

**2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one**

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

**Carcinogenicity**

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

**Teratogenicity**



Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

**Reproductive toxicity**

No relevant data found.

**Mutagenicity**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative.

Animal genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing tissue damage or lung injury.

**Carbendazim****Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Liver.

Kidney.

Testes.

**Carcinogenicity**

Available data are inadequate to evaluate carcinogenicity.

**Teratogenicity**

Has caused birth defects in laboratory animals only at doses toxic to the mother. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

**Reproductive toxicity**

In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with fertility in males. Limited data in laboratory animals suggest that the material may affect reproduction.

**Mutagenicity**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases.

Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Diuron****Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Blood.

**Carcinogenicity**

Has caused cancer in laboratory animals.

**Teratogenicity**

Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

**Reproductive toxicity**

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

**Mutagenicity**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Dipropylene glycol**

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

Dose levels producing these effects were many times higher than any dose levels expected from exposure due to use.

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs after ingestion:

Kidney.

Nasal tissue.

**Carcinogenicity**

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

**Teratogenicity**

Did not cause birth defects or other effects in the fetus even at doses which caused toxic effects in the mother.

**Reproductive toxicity**

In animal studies, repeated exposures did not have any effects on reproductive organs.

**Mutagenicity**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Propanediol**

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

In rare cases, repeated excessive exposure to propylene glycol may cause central nervous system effects.

**Carcinogenicity**

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

**Teratogenicity**

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

**Reproductive toxicity**

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

**Mutagenicity**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Titanium dioxide****Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

Repeated excessive inhalation exposures to dusts may cause respiratory effects.

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Lung.

**Carcinogenicity**

Lung fibrosis and tumors have been observed in rats exposed to titanium dioxide in two lifetime inhalation studies. Effects are believed to be due to overloading of the normal respiratory clearance mechanisms caused by the extreme study conditions. Workers exposed to titanium dioxide in the workplace have not shown an unusual incidence of chronic respiratory disease or lung cancer. Titanium dioxide was not carcinogenic in laboratory animals in lifetime feeding studies.

**Teratogenicity**

No relevant data found.

**Reproductive toxicity**

No relevant data found.

**Mutagenicity**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases.

Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Carcinogenicity****Component**

Titanium dioxide

**List**

IARC

**Classification**

Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

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**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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*Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

**Toxicity****2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 <0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50, *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 0.047 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

EC50, *Daphnia magna* (Water flea), flow-through test, 48 Hour, 0.320 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

EC50, alga *Scenedesmus* sp., 72 Hour, Biomass, 0.084 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

**Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50, activated sludge, Respiration inhibition, 3 Hour, 30.2 mg/l, OECD 209 Test

**Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms**

dietary LC50, *Anas platyrhynchos* (Mallard duck), 8 d, 1,215 mg/kg  
dietary LC50, *Colinus virginianus* (Bobwhite quail), 8 d, > 5,620 mg/kg  
oral LD50, *Colinus virginianus* (Bobwhite quail), 21 d, 346 mg/kg

**Carbendazim****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, 0.83 mg/l, Method Not Specified.

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

EC50, *Daphnia magna* (Water flea), 48 Hour, 0.13 - 0.22 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

EC50, *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae), 72 Hour, 1.3 mg/l

**Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms**

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

**Diuron****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 <0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50, *Pimephales promelas* (fathead minnow), 96 Hour, 14.2 mg/l, Method Not Specified.

LC50, *Lepomis macrochirus* (Bluegill sunfish), 96 Hour, 5.9 mg/l, Method Not Specified.

LC50, *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, 5.6 - 14.7 mg/l, Method Not Specified.

LC50, *Leuciscus idus* (Golden orfe), 96 Hour, 6.6 mg/l, Method Not Specified.

LC50, *Poecilia reticulata* (guppy), 96 Hour, 25 mg/l, Method Not Specified.

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

EC50, *Daphnia magna* (Water flea), 48 Hour, 1.4 mg/l, Method Not Specified.

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

EC50, *Desmodesmus subspicatus* (*Scenedesmus subspicatus*), static test, 72 Hour, 0.022 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50, activated sludge, static test, 0.5 Hour, Respiration rates., 3,080 mg/l

**Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms**

Material is slightly toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 between 501 and 2000 mg/kg).

Material is slightly toxic to birds on a dietary basis (LC50 between 1001 and 5000 ppm).  
oral LD50, *Colinus virginianus* (Bobwhite quail), > 940 mg/kg  
oral LD50, *Anas platyrhynchos* (Mallard duck), > 2,000 mg/kg  
dietary LC50, *Colinus virginianus* (Bobwhite quail), 8 d, 1,730 mg/kg  
dietary LC50, *Anas platyrhynchos* (Mallard duck), 1,730 ppm  
LD50, *Apis mellifera* (bees), 145 mg/kg

**Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms**

LC50, *Eisenia fetida* (earthworms), 14 d, > 1,000 mg/kg

**Dipropylene glycol****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis  
(LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Based on information for a similar material:

LC50, *Pimephales promelas* (fathead minnow), static test, 96 Hour, 46,500 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

EC50, *Daphnia magna* (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

EC50, *Desmodesmus subspicatus* (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Biomass, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

**Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50, Bacteria, 16 Hour, > 5,000 mg/l

**Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms**

LD50, *Colinus virginianus* (Bobwhite quail), 14 d, mortality, > 2,000 mg/kg

**Propanediol****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis  
(LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout), static test, 96 Hour, 40,613 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

LC50, *Ceriodaphnia dubia* (water flea), static test, 48 Hour, 18,340 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

ErC50, *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae), 96 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 19,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to bacteria**

NOEC, *Pseudomonas putida*, 18 Hour, > 20,000 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

NOEC, *Ceriodaphnia dubia* (water flea), semi-static test, 7 d, number of offspring, 13,020 mg/l

**Titanium dioxide**

**Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).  
NOEC mortality, *Leuciscus idus* (Golden orfe), static test, 48 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

EC50, *Daphnia magna* (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l

**Persistence and degradability****2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one**

**Biodegradability:** Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

**Biodegradation:** 25 %

**Exposure time:** 30 d

**Method:** Method Not Specified.

**Carbendazim**

**Biodegradability:** Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 0 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301C or Equivalent

**Photodegradation**

**Atmospheric half-life:** 0.053 d

**Method:** Estimated.

**Diuron**

**Biodegradability:** Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.

Biodegradation rate may increase in soil and/or water with acclimation.

10-day Window: Fail

**Biodegradation:** 0 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301F

**Dipropylene glycol**

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 84.4 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 23.6 %

**Exposure time:** 64 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 306 or Equivalent

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 1.91 mg/mg Estimated.

**Propanediol**

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Biodegradation may occur under anaerobic conditions (in the absence of oxygen).

10-day Window: Pass

**Biodegradation:** 81 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 96 %

**Exposure time:** 64 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 306 or Equivalent

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 1.68 mg/mg

**Chemical Oxygen Demand:** 1.53 mg/mg

**Biological oxygen demand (BOD)**

Incubation Time	BOD
5 d	69.000 %
10 d	70.000 %
20 d	86.000 %

**Photodegradation**

**Atmospheric half-life:** 10 Hour

**Method:** Estimated.

#### Titanium dioxide

**Biodegradability:** Biodegradation is not applicable.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

#### 2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 2.45 Estimated.

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 165 - 1,280 Fish Measured

#### Carbendazim

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 1.51 Measured

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 1.5 - 3.5 Cyprinus carpio (Carp) 42 d Measured

#### Diuron

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 2.8 Measured

#### Dipropylene glycol

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** -0.46 OECD Test Guideline 107 or Equivalent

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 0.3 - 4.6 Cyprinus carpio (Carp) 42 d Measured

**Propanediol**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** -1.07 Measured

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 0.09 Estimated.

**Titanium dioxide**

**Bioaccumulation:** Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

**Mobility in soil****2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one**

Potential for mobility in soil is slight (Koc between 2000 and 5000).

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 2120

**Carbendazim**

Potential for mobility in soil is medium (Koc between 150 and 500).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 200 - 250

**Diuron**

Potential for mobility in soil is medium (Koc between 150 and 500).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 382.6 Measured

**Dipropylene glycol**

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 0.76 Estimated.

**Propanediol**

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** < 1 Estimated.

**Titanium dioxide**

No data available.

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**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

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**Disposal methods:** Incinerate liquid and contaminated solids in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. (See 40 CFR 268)

**Contaminated packaging:** Empty containers retain product residues. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and illegal. Refer to applicable federal, state and local regulations.

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**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

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DOT



<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.(Carbendazim, Diuron)
<b>UN number</b>	UN 3082
<b>Class</b>	9
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Carbendazim
<b>Reportable Quantity</b>	Carbendazim, Diuron

**Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):**

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(Carbendazim, Diuron)
<b>UN number</b>	UN 3082
<b>Class</b>	9
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Carbendazim, Diuron
<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code</b>	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

**Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):**

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.(Carbendazim, Diuron)
<b>UN number</b>	UN 3082
<b>Class</b>	9
<b>Packing group</b>	III

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

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## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

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**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312**

Acute Health Hazard

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313****Components**

Diuron

**CASRN**

330-54-1

**Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA)****Section 103****Components**

Carbendazim

Diuron

**CASRN**

10605-21-7

330-54-1

**RQ (RCRA Code)**

10 lbs RQ

100 lbs RQ

**Pennsylvania**

Any material listed as "Not Hazardous" in the CAS REG NO. column of SECTION 2, Composition/Information On Ingredients, of this MSDS is a trade secret under the provisions of the Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act.

**California (Proposition 65)**

This product contains a component or components known to the state of California to cause cancer:

**Components**

Diuron

Titanium dioxide

**CASRN**

330-54-1

13463-67-7

**California (Proposition 65)**

This product contains trace levels of a component or components known to the state of California to cause cancer:

**Components**

Cumene

**CASRN**

98-82-8

**United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)**

This product contains chemical substance(s) exempt from U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory requirements. It is regulated as a pesticide subject to Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) requirements.

**Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act**

EPA Registration Number: 707-303

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

**DANGER**

corrosive

Causes irreversible eye damage and skin irritation

May cause allergic skin reactions

Harmful if absorbed through the skin

Harmful if swallowed

Harmful if inhaled

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

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**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

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**Hazard Rating System****HMIS**

Health	Flammability	Physical Hazard
3*	1	0

\* = Chronic Effects (See Hazards Identification)

### Revision

Identification Number: 101111257 / A746 / Issue Date: 10/16/2018 / Version: 3.2

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

### Legend

ACGIH	USA. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Dow IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
OSHA Z-1	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
STEL	Short term exposure limit
TWA	Time weighted average
US WEEL	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

### Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

Nutrition & Biosciences USA 2, LLC urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.