



Safety Data Sheet

according to US HazCom 2012 Issue date: 26 May 2015 Revision date: 17 April 2023 Supersedes: 5 October 2017 Version: 1.5

SECTION 1: Identification		
1.1. Identification		
Product form	: Substance	
Trade name	: Para-Xylene	
Chemical name	: p-Xylene	
CAS-No.	: 106-42-3	
Product code	: P099	
Formula	: C8H10	
1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use		
Use of the substance/mixture	: Raw material for synthesis of ter	ephthalic Acid (TPA) and Poliethylene therephthalate (PET)
1.3. Supplier		
Braskem America, Inc.		
1735 Market Street		
Philadelphia, PA 19103-7583		
TEL: (800) 396 - 5252		
productsafety@braskem.com		
www.braskem.com.br		
1.4. Emergency telephone number		
Emergency number	: CHEMTREC: +1-703-527-3887	(INTERNATIONAL)
	1-800-424-9300 (NORTH AMER	<ica)< td=""></ica)<>
SECTION 2: Upperd(a) identification		
21 Classification of the substance or mixture		
GHS US classification		
Flammable liquids, Category 3	F	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4	H	Harmful in contact with skin.
Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 4	ł	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	(	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A	(	Causes serious eye irritation.
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2		Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Cate	gory 3, Respiratory tract irritation	May cause respiratory irritation.
Aspiration nazard, Category 1		May be fatal if swallowed and enters alrways.
2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary	/ statements	
GHS US labelling		
Hazard pictograms (GHS US)		
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Signal word (GHS US)	Elemmetric liquid and veneur	
Hazaru statements (GHS US)	May be fatal if swallowed and on	tors airways
	Harmful in contact with skin or if i	inhaled
	Causes skin irritation	
	Causes serious eve irritation	
	May cause respiratory irritation	
	Suspected of damaging fertility of	r the unborn child.
Precautionary statements (GHS US)	: Obtain special instructions before	e use.
	Do not handle until all safety prec	cautions have been read and understood.
	Keep away from heat, hot surface	es, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	heat, sparks, open flames, hot su	urfaces
	Keep container tightly closed.	
	Ground/bond container and recei	iving equipment.

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Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapours, gas, fumes, dust. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves If swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a doctor, a POISON CENTER if you feel unwell. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing. Take off contaminated clothing. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container to comply with applicable local, national and international
Dispose of contents/container to comply with applicable local, national and international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
3.1. Substances		
Name	: p-Xylene	
CAS-No.	: 106-42-3	

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
p-xylene	CAS-No.: 106-42-3	99.805	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
m-xylene (Impurity)	CAS-No.: 108-38-3	≤ 0.2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315

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Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
ethylbenzene (Impurity)	CAS-No.: 100-41-4	≤ 0.15	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Methyl benzene (Impurity)	CAS-No.: 108-88-3	≤ 0.1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
o-xylene (Impurity)	CAS-No.: 95-47-6	≤ 0.1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315

## 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration. In case of breathing difficulties administer oxygen. Immediately get medical attention.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: For even minor contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap and water. Rinse immediately with plenty of water (for at least 15 minutes). Immediately get medical attention. Discard contaminated clothing.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse immediately and plentifully with water, also under the eyelids, for at least 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting. If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Give water to drink if victim completely conscious/alert. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediately get medical attention.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute	and delayed)
Symptoms/effects Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Headache. Nausea. Dizziness. Drowsiness. Loss of consciousness. Vomiting.
	weakness, loss of coordination and unconsciousness. Acute exposure to high doses or chronic exposure can cause pulmonary damages, liver, kidneys and neurological disorders. Aspiration of this material may cause chemical pneumonia.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Prolonged/repetitive skin contact may cause skin defattening or dermatitis. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Redness. burning.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Irritating to eyes. May cause destruction of eye tissue.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Pulmonary oedema.
Chronic symptoms	: Symptoms include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.
4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treat	tment, if necessary
Troat symptomatically	

Treat symptomatically.

# SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing media

: Carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical powder, foam. Water fog.

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Linevitable outinguishing media	. Do not use a calid water stream on it may coatter and enreed fire
5.2 Specific bazards arising from the chemical	. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
S.z. opecific flazarus ansing from the chemical	· Extremely formable liquid and yongur. Vangura may equal fire/avalation if equipa of institute is
File lidzalu	. Extremely naminable liquid and vapours may travel long distances along ground, ignite and flash back
	to source. Under fire conditions closed containers may runture or explode. On combustion forms:
	Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Formaldehyde.
Explosion hazard	: Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.
5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions	for fire-fighters
Firefighting instructions	: Do not approach fire except upwind and only with proper skin and respiratory protection
5 5	(supplied air only). Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
Protective equipment for firefighters	: Extra personal protection: complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing
	apparatus. In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Refer to chapter 8.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measure	S
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment a	nd emergency procedures
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
Protective equipment	: Wear suitable protective clothing gloves, and eye/face protection. Refer to chapter 8.
Emergency procedures	: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Evacuate unnecessary
	personnel.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment	: Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. Refer to chapter 8.
Emergency procedures	: Eliminate leaks immediately. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Ventilate affected
	area. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective
	clothing.
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Use water spray jet to minimise or disperse vapours.	Absorb remaining liquid with sand or inert absorbent and remove to safe place. Avoid discharge to
the environment. Do not flush down sewers. Do not al	low to enter into surface water or drains. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or
water courses. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing	water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. If the product enters drains or sewers
the local water company should be contacted immedia	ately; in the case of contamination of streams, rivers of lakes, the National Rivers Authority.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cle	aning up
For containment	Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Ventilate affected area.
Methods for cleaning up	: Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Collect spills and put it into
	appropriated container. Keep the recovered product for subsequent recycling.
Other information	: Granulated activated charcoal associated to bioremediation demonstrated to be the best
	remotion system from contaminated water bodies. Recovery of the polluted soil and water
	remediation can be done through the Fenton reaction.
6.4. Reference to other sections	
SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
Procedutions for safe handling	: Use arounded electrical/mechanical equipment. Provide earthing of containers, equipment
Frecautions for sale narioling	bumps and ventilation facilities. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Avoid
	producing mist or vapors by heating of opened recipient.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any inc	ompatibilities
Storage conditions	: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep in original
<b>0</b> • • • • •	containers closed. Keep stored the least quantity possible. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated
	area.
Incompatible materials	: Oxidizing agents. Strong acid. Halogenated compounds.
Packaging materials	: stainless steel. Carbon steel. PVC.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection 8.1. Control parameters

# Safety Data Sheet

p-Xylene (106-42-3)		
No additional information available		
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Ethylbenzene	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; ototoxicity; kidney eff; CNS impair. Notations: OTO (Ototoxicant); A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI	
ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023	
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	ETHYLBENZENE	
BEI	0.15 g/g creatinine Parameter: Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid (with hydrolysis) - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: Ns	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Ethyl benzene	
OSHA PEL TWA [1]	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
OSHA PEL TWA [2]	100 ppm	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
IDLH [ppm]	800 ppm (10% LEL)	
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NIOSH REL TWA	435 mg/m³	
NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm	
NIOSH REL STEL	545 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
NIOSH REL STEL [ppm]	125 ppm	
Methyl benzene (108-88-3)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Toluene	
ACGIH OEL TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: CNS, visual & hearing impair; female repro system eff; pregnancy loss. Notations: OTO; A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI	
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023	

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Methyl benzene (108-88-3)		
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	TOLUENE	
BEI	0.3 mg/g creatinine Parameter: o-Cresol (with hydrolysis) - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: B 0.03 mg/l Parameter: Toluene - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift 0.02 mg/l Parameter: Toluene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: Prior to last shift of workweek	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Toluene	
OSHA PEL TWA [2]	200 ppm	
OSHA PEL STEL [2]	300 ppm	
OSHA PEL C [ppm]	500 ppm	
Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift	500 ppm 10 mins.	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-2	
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
IDLH [ppm]	500 ppm	
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NIOSH REL TWA	375 mg/m³	
NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm	
NIOSH REL STEL	560 mg/m³	
NIOSH REL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm	
m-xylene (108-38-3)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	m-Xylene (1,3-Dimethylbenzene)	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; hematologic eff; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI	
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023	
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	XYLENES (Technical or commercial grade)	
BEI	1.5 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023	
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
IDLH [ppm]	900 ppm	

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m-xylene (108-38-3)		
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NIOSH REL TWA	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm	
NIOSH REL STEL	655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
NIOSH REL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm	
o-xylene (95-47-6)	·	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	o-Xylene (1,2-Dimethylbenzene)	
ACGIH OEL TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm	
ACGIH OEL STEL	651 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; hematologic eff; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI	
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023	
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	XYLENES (Technical or commercial grade)	
BEI	1.5 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OSHA PEL TWA [1]	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
OSHA PEL TWA [2]	100 ppm	
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
IDLH [ppm]	900 ppm	
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NIOSH REL TWA	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm	
NIOSH REL STEL	655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
NIOSH REL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm	
p-xylene (106-42-3)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	p-Xylene (1,4-Dimethylbenzene)	
ACGIH OEL TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm	
ACGIH OEL STEL	651 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

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p-xylene (106-42-3)		
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; hematologic eff; ototoxycity; CNS impair. Notations: OTO (Ototoxicant); A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI	
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023	
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	XYLENES (Technical or commercial grade)	
BEI	1.5 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OSHA PEL TWA [1]	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
OSHA PEL TWA [2]	100 ppm	
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
IDLH [ppm]	900 ppm	
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NIOSH REL TWA	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm	
NIOSH REL STEL	655 mg/m³	
NIOSH REL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm	
8.2. Appropriate engineering controls		
Appropriate engineering controls :	Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation to minimize vapour concentrations. Emergency	

eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

## 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Gloves. Self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### Hand protection:

VITON gloves. protective gloves: neoprene gloves, PVA

#### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Contact lenses should not be worn

#### Skin and body protection:

Use protective coverall. Boots made of PVA

#### Respiratory protection:

Half/ full mask with filter for organic vapors. If there is any possibility of uncontrolled emissions or entering in instances where the exposure levels are unknown use a full-facepiece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Physical state	: Liquid	
Colour	: Colorless	
Odour	: Aromatic	

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Odour threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	13.2 °C
Boiling point	:	138.4 °C
Flash point	:	25 °C
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	:	No data available
Flammability	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	8.84 mm Hg (at 25°C) 6,5 mmHg a 20°C
Relative vapour density at 20°C	:	3.7
Relative density	:	0.86 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility	:	Water: 156 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	:	3.15
Auto-ignition temperature	:	528 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive limits	:	1.1 – 7 vol %
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidising properties	:	No data available
9.2. Other information		

#### No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity	
10.1. Reactivity	
No additional information available	
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stable at ambient temperature and under normal condi	tions of use.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	
No additional information available	
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.	- No smoking. Avoid static electricity discharges.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Halogenated compound	ds.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	
Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide. Formaldehyd	de.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information	
11.1. Information on toxicological effects	
Acute toxicity (oral) :	Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) :	Harmful in contact with skin.
Acute toxicity (inhalation) :	Harmful if inhaled.
p-Xylene (106-42-3)	
LD50 dermal rat	12126 mg/kg
ATE US (dermal)	1002 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmv/4h
ATE US (vapours)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust,mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	15400 mg/kg

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ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
C50 Inhalation - Rat	17.4 mg/l/4h	
C50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	1432 ppm	
TE US (vapours)	17.4 mg/l/4h	
TE US (dust,mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h	
ethyl benzene (108-88-3)		
D50 oral rat	636 mg/kg	
D50 dermal rabbit	12000 mg/kg	
C50 Inhalation - Rat	> 20 g/m <sup>3</sup> Duration: 4h	
TE US (oral)	5580 mg/kg bodyweight	
TE US (dust,mist)	28100 mg/l/4h	
-xylene (108-38-3)		
D50 oral rat	5 g/kg	
D50 dermal rabbit	12.18 g/kg	
C50 Inhalation - Rat	27124 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)	
TE US (oral)	5000 mg/kg bodyweight	
TE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg bodyweight	
TE US (gases)	4500 ppmv/4h	
TE US (vapours)	11 mg/l/4h	
TE US (dust,mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h	
o-xylene (95-47-6)		
D50 oral rat	3608 mg/kg	
D50 dermal rabbit	14100 mg/kg	
C50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	4330 ppm (Exposure time: 6 h)	
TE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg bodyweight	
TE US (gases)	4500 ppmv/4h	
TE US (vapours)	11 mg/l/4h	
TE US (dust,mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h	
p-xylene (106-42-3)		
D50 oral rat	4029 mg/kg	
D50 dermal rabbit	1000 – 2000 mg/kg	
C50 Inhalation - Rat	10 – 20 mg/l/4h	
C50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	4740 ppm/4h	
TE US (dust,mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h	
in corrosion/irritation :	Causes skin irritation.	

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation	:	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Germ cell mutagenicity	:	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Carcinogenicity	:	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
IARC group		2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status		Evidence of Carcinogenicity
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list		Yes
Methyl benzene (108-88-3)		
IARC group		3 - Not classifiable
m-xylene (108-38-3)		
IARC group		3 - Not classifiable
o-xylene (95-47-6)		
IARC group		3 - Not classifiable
p-xylene (106-42-3)		
IARC group		3 - Not classifiable
Reproductive toxicity	:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
STOT-single exposure	:	May cause respiratory irritation.
Methyl benzene (108-88-3)		
STOT-single exposure		May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
p-xylene (106-42-3)		
STOT-single exposure		May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-repeated exposure	:	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)		75 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
STOT-repeated exposure		May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Methyl benzene (108-88-3)		<u>.</u>
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)		1250 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.26 (Sub-Chronic Oral Toxicity Test: Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)		625 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.26 (Sub-Chronic Oral Toxicity Test: Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)		2.355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study)
STOT-repeated exposure		May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard Viscosity, kinematic Symptoms/effects Symptoms/effects after inhalation	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. No data available Headache. Nausea. Dizziness. Drowsiness. Loss of consciousness. Vomiting. Inhalation may affect the nervous system causing headache, possibly dizziness, nausea, weakness, loss of coordination and unconsciousness. Acute exposure to high doses or chronic exposure can cause pulmonary damages, liver, kidneys and neurological disorders. Aspiration of this material may cause chemical pneumonia.

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Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Prolonged/repetitive skin contact may cause skin defattening or dermatitis. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Redness. burning.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Irritating to eyes. May cause destruction of eye tissue.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	<ul> <li>Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Pulmonary oedema.</li> </ul>
Chronic symptoms	: Symptoms include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

SECTION 12: Ecological informatic	n		
12.1. Toxicity			
p-Xylene (106-42-3)			
ErC50 algae	2.2 mg/l		
LOEC (chronic)	3.16 mg/l aquatic invertebrates (21d)		
NOEC (acute)	1.57 mg/l aquatic invertebrates (21d)		
NOEC (chronic)	> 1.3 mg/l fish (56 d)		
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)			
LC50 - Fish [1]	11 – 18 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.8 – 2.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
LC50 - Fish [2]	4.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [semi-static])		
LOEC (chronic)	1.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'		
NOEC (chronic)	0.96 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'		
Methyl benzene (108-88-3)			
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.5 mg/l		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	6000 µg/l		
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	3.78 mg/l waterflea		
LC50 - Fish [2]	12.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])		
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	11.5 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
LOEC (chronic)	2.76 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'		
NOEC (chronic)	0.74 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'		
NOEC chronic fish	1.39 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus kisutch Duration: '40 d'		
NOEC chronic crustacea	0.74 mg/l		
m-xylene (108-38-3)			
LC50 - Fish [1]	14.3 – 18 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	2.81 – 5 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])		
LC50 - Fish [2]	8.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [semi-static])		
LOEC (chronic)	3.16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'		
NOEC chronic fish	0.714 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio) Duration: '35 d'		
o-xylene (95-47-6)			
LC50 - Fish [1]	11.6 – 22.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])		

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o-xylene (95-47-6)			
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
LC50 - Fish [2]	11.6 – 22.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])		
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	2.61 – 5.59 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Flow through])		
LOEC (chronic)	3.16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'		
NOEC chronic fish	0.714 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio) Duration: '35 d'		
p-xylene (106-42-3)			
LC50 - Fish [1]	7.2 – 9.9 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.55 – 6.31 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])		
LC50 - Fish [2]	2.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
12.2. Persistence and degradability			
p-Xylene (106-42-3)			
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable. not persistent.		
BOD (% of ThOD)	50 % ThOD (13 d)		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
p-Xylene (106-42-3)			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.15		
Bioaccumulative potential	not bioaccumulable.		
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)			
BCF - Fish [1]	(15 dimensionless)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.6 (at 20 °C (at pH 7.84)		
Methyl benzene (108-88-3)			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.73		
m-xylene (108-38-3)			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.2 (at 20 °C (at pH 7)		
o-xylene (95-47-6)			
BCF - Fish [1]	(21,4 dimensionless (xylene from crude oil)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.12 (at 20 °C (at pH 7)		
p-xylene (106-42-3)			
BCF - Fish [1]	(2,2 dimensionless)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.2 (at 20 °C (at pH 7)		
12.4. Mobility in soil No additional information available 12.5. Other adverse effects			

No additional information available

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<b>SECTION 13: Disposal consi</b>	derations				
13.1. Disposal methods					
Regional legislation (waste)	: Dispose of contents/ regulations. Consult	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents/container to comply with applicable local, national and international regulations. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal.</li> </ul>			
Sewage disposal recommendations	: The adequately trea	: The adequately treated and biorremediated effluents may be discarded into the water bodies.			
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.			pecial waste collection point.		
<b>SECTION 14: Transport infor</b>	mation				
In accordance with DOT / TDG / IMDG	ο / ΙΑΤΑ				
DOT	TDG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ		
14.1. UN number					
1307	UN1307	1307	1307		
14.2. Proper Shipping Name					
Xylenes	XYLENES	XYLENES	Xylenes		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)					
3	3	3	3		
PLANMARE ELECTO					
14.4. Packing group					
111	III	III	III		
14.5. Environmental hazards					
Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No Marine pollutant: No	Dangerous for the environment: No		
No supplementary information availab	ble				

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information 15.1. US Federal regulations All components of this product are listed as active on the TSCA Inventory or exempt

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)		
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb	
Methyl benzene (108-88-3)		
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)		
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb	

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m-xylene (108-38-3)		
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)		
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb	
o-xylene (95-47-6)		
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)		
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb	
p-xylene (106-42-3)		
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)		
CERCLA RQ	100 lb	
15.2. International regulations		
CANADA		
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances Lis	t)	
Methyl benzene (108-88-3)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
m-xylene (108-38-3)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
o-xylene (95-47-6)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
p-xylene (106-42-3)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
EU-Regulations		
p-Xylene (106-42-3)		
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)		
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		

# Methyl benzene (108-88-3)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### m-xylene (108-38-3)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

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## o-xylene (95-47-6)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### p-xylene (106-42-3)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### National regulations

### p-Xylene (106-42-3)

Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Japanese Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

Japanese Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Law (PRTR Law)

#### ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing New Chemical Substances) inventory Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Japanese Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Law (PRTR Law) Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law) Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory) Listed on the NCI (Vietnam - National Chemical Inventory)

#### Methyl benzene (108-88-3)

Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Japanese Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

Japanese Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Law (PRTR Law)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)

Listed on the NCI (Vietnam - National Chemical Inventory)

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## m-xylene (108-38-3)

Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing New Chemical Substances) inventory Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Japanese Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law Japanese Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Law (PRTR Law) Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law) Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)

#### o-xylene (95-47-6)

Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing New Chemical Substances) inventory Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Japanese Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law Japanese Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Law (PRTR Law) Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law) Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)

## p-xylene (106-42-3)

Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing New Chemical Substances) inventory Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Japanese Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law Japanese Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Law (PRTR Law) Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law) Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory) Listed on the NCI (Vietnam - National Chemical Inventory)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

No additional information available

## SECTION 16: Other information

according to US HazCom 2012 Revision date

: 17 April 2023

Braskem - SDS\_US\_GHS\_HazCom\_2012 (modified 211028)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product. It warns that the handling of any chemical substance requires the previous knowledge of its hazards for the user. It is up to the user of the product company providing this SDS to and promote the training of its employees about possible risks come upon of the product. The information contained herein is not absolute, but only general information on the use of the chemical and indication of safety and security measures.