

Cyberbond CB

CB 1699

Technical Datasheet

Metal Series

- fast bonding
- high viscosity

Cyanoacrylates are not really made to bond metal to metal. But when it comes to combinations with rubber or plastic, these products can be very suitable. Due to its high viscosity CB 1699 can fill smaller gaps.

Physical properties - monomer (uncured)

Base compound Ethyl-2-cyanoacrylate **Appearance** colourless, transparent

Density at 20 °C in g/cm3 1,09 Flashpoint in °C 80 Shelf life,20 °C,unopend, 9

in months

Viscosity

cone-plate, @20 °C

@ 160 rpm 1600-2200 mPas

Physical properties - Polymer

Appearance transparent Service temp range -55 - 95 °C

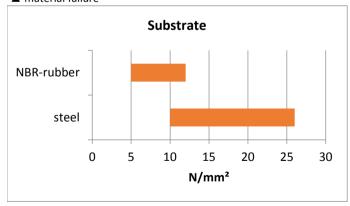
Setting time [seconds]

20 - 60 metal (steel) **EPDM** 2 - 6

Strength of cured adhesive

Substrate	ľ	N/mm²		
NBR-rubber ▲	5	to	12	
steel	10	to	26	

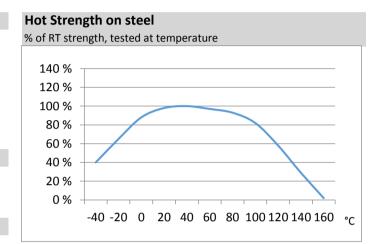


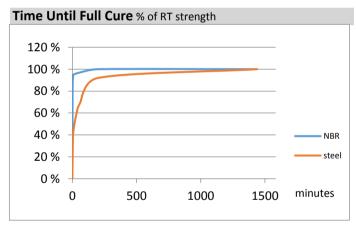


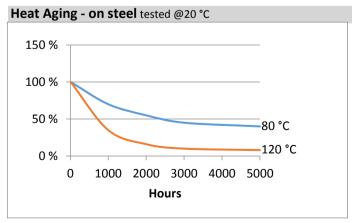
Specification

Conform to RoHS

For details and certificates see www.Cyberbond.eu



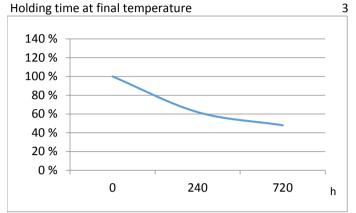




Durability after Alternating Climate Storage

Conditions; tested with stainless steel above freeze point 80% rel. humidity temperature range: -20 - 80 °C Count cycles

[h]
Holding time at start temperature
Heating up phase
Keeping warm phase
Cooling down phase



Solvent resistance		
Solvent	Example	Resistance
alcohol	ethanol, methanol	+++
ester (aliphatic)	ethyl acetate (acetic	
	acid ethyl ester)	
ketones	acetone,	
	benzophenone	
aliphatic	petrol, heptane,	++
hydrocarbons	hexane	
(alkanes)		
aromatic	benzene, toluene,	++
hydrocarbons	xylene	
halogenated	methylene chloride,	
hydrocarbons	chloroform,	
	chlorobenzene	
weak acqueous acids	diluted nitric-,	+++
	muriatic-, sulfuric-,	
	phosphoric acid	
concentrated acid	nitric acid, muriatic	
	acid, sulfuric acid,	
	phosphoric acid	
weak acqueous bases	diluted sodium	+++
	hydroxide -, caustic	
	potash solution	
concentrated bases	sodium hydroxide -,	
	caustic potash	
	solution	
water		++
iso-propanol		+++
acetone		
mineral oil		++

+++ very good ++ good --- very bad

General Information CA

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Cyanoacrylates are fast setting, one component and solvent free adhesives. They are based on esters of cyanoacetic acid. To get to a finished product, mainly thickeners, respectively film forming agents (polymer methacrylics and acrylics) and stabilisers are added. The polymerization is initiated by present humidity. Best results are given between 40 to 70 % relative humidity.

Cyberbond standard grades are as follows:

- Powerdrop series (stabilised ethyl ester)
- Elastomer and plastic series (ethyl ester)
- Neomer Series (surface insensitive ethyl ester)
- xtraflex series (rubber toughened ethyl ester)
- metal series (ethyl ester)
- low odour series (alkoxy ester)
- medical series (butyl- and octyl ester)

Measurement of Viscosities

Viscosity describes the flow-ability of a liquid. Cyberbond measures the viscosity of the products by means of the cone/plate method: the liquid is applied on a panel and a defined cone presses the liquid together and rotates.

You differentiate between a Newtonian and a thixotropic liquid. In terms of a Newtonian liquid you will get a relative constant viscosity graph in dependence of the rotary speed of the cone. In terms of thixotropic liquids the product becomes more liquid (down to its base viscosity) the faster the cone rotates.

The viscosity is measured in mPa*s (milli Pascal x second) [SI system] or in cP (centipoise) [CGS-system]; 1 mPa*s = 1 cP.

In order to allow products comparison all adhesives are measured at the same rotation speeds.

- Newtonian liquids at 160 upm
- Thixotropic liquids at 0,5 upm and at 160 upm

Temperature always is at 20 $^{\circ}$ C / 68 $^{\circ}$ F, if not mentioned to be different.

Clean Surface

The surface condition of the mating parts has an enormous influence on the success of a bond. To achieve good bonding success the mating parts should be clean.

Additional Programme

In order to support certain applications Cyberbond offers perfectly balanced additional products such as:

- Primer and Conditioner Pen: in order to change surface tension; enables to bond unpolare materials (Standard: CB 9056)
- D-Bonder: in order to dissolve adhesives (Standard: CB 9060, CB 9065, CB 9066)
- Activator: in order to accelerate the curing of adhesives (Standard: CB 9090, CB 9096, Quickstep 9040, Quickstep 9080)
- Cleaner: in order to clean surfaces professionally (Standard: CB 9999)

LINOP Equipment

Cyberbond offers by means of the LINOP Equipment range suitable dosing and LED based curing devices. We also refer to suitable dosing tips which help an economical use of the adhesives (also if used manually).

Storage

Store products in a cold and dark place. Before use allow to reach ambident temperature.

Potential Danger of Cyanoacrylates

You should care for the following:

- use in well ventilated areas only
- install suitable exhaust systems in the workshop
- apply material economically and use a dosing system where appropriate
- allow a consistent relative humidity of 50 to 65 %; with regards to lower figures the polymerization will be delayed and monomer adhesive fume will appear
- if necessary: wear suitable, non-sucking gloves (e.g. no cotton)
- keep adhesive out of reach of children

data mentioned in this TDS, particularly the recommendations and use of products are based on our recent knowledge and experience. Due to the fact of having so many different materials involved and conditions of applications which are out of our influence, we strongly recommend to do sufficient tests in order to guarantee that Cyberbond products are suitable for the intended process and applications. Except for wilful acts any liability based on such recommendations or any verbal advice is hereby expressly excluded.

For safe handling consult Material Saftey Data Sheet (MSDS).

Cyberbond Europe GmbH A H.B. Fuller Company Werner-von-Siemens-Straße 2 31515 Wunstorf Germany

Tel.: +49 / 50 31 / 95 66 - 0 www.cyberbond.de



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